**8522**

# GEOGRAPHY & ECONOMICS

Time Allowed : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours ]

[ Maximum Marks : 100

( Geography : 70

Economics : 30 )

Note : i) The outline map of India should be attached to the answer script after answering on it as asked in **Part – VI**.

ii) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

## PART – I

( Marks : 25 )

A) Choose the correct answer :                                              10 × 1 = 10

1. Palk Strait separates India from

   a) Burma

   b) Sri Lanka

   c) Bangladesh.

2. The local storms in the north eastern part of India during the hot weather season are called

   a) Loo

   b) Norwesters

   c) Mango showers.

3. The Nagarjuna Sagar Project is built on the river

   a) Krishna

   b) Mahanadi

   c) Kaveri.

[ Turn over

4. The staple food of South Indian is

  a) Rice

  b) Wheat

  c) Millets.

5. The headquarters of the North Eastern Railway is at

  a) Jabalpur

  b) Allahabad

  c) Guwahati.

6. Traditional economy is also called

  a) closed economy

  b) open economy

  c) developed economy.

7. ......................... occupy an important and strategic position in the rapid economic development of a country.

  a) Climate

  b) Minerals

  c) Rivers.

8. TC = TFC + .................. .

  a) TVC

  b) AVC

  c) AC.

9. When the value of exports are more than the value of imports, Balance of Trade is said to be

    a)   favourable

    b)   unfavourable

    c)   balanced.

10. Income method sums all forms of

    a)   income

    b)   expenditure

    c)   taxes.

B)   Fill in the blanks :           10 × 1 = 10

11. India is situated in the ................... part of Asia.

12. The active volcano is ................... island.

13. The prime source of water is ...................... .

14. Wheat is a ................. crop.

15. Our National integration is strengthened by .................... .

16. Allmost all underdeveloped countries have ................... economy.

17. Increase in ................. raises the 'social overhead capital'.

18. Loss is a situation where the firm's average cost is ................. than average revenue.

19. Trade policy refers to all the policies that have either direct or indirect bearing on the ................ behaviour of a country.

20. Tertiary sector is also called as ................ sector.

[ Turn over

C) Match the following :

21. Gurushikhar

22. Norwesters

23. Earthquake

24. Mysore

25. GPS

a) Seismic zone

b) Silk textiles

c) Mount Abu

d) Defence purpose

e) North Eastern India.

5 × 1 = 5

## PART – II

### ( Marks : 20 )

*Note :* Write short answers for any *ten* of the following, choosing *eight* from Geography and *two* from Economics :  10 × 2 = 20

### GEOGRAPHY

26. Why is India known as sub-continent ?

27. What is Bhabar ?

28. What are the factors responsible for the formation of soil ?

29. Why is tank irrigation more prevalent in South India than North India ?

30. What is called Biosphere ?

31. Write a brief note on Kharif season of India.

32. List out the factors which determine the localisation of industries.

33. Name the important means of transport.

34. Write two important points to be considered for the collection of data.

35. List out the process involved in remote sensing.

[ Turn over

## ECONOMICS

36.  What is meant by Disguised unemployment ?

37.  Define the term 'Age Composition'.

38.  Name the different kinds of inflation as classified by economists.

39.  Write briefly about foreign exchange reserves.

40.  Define National Income and mention the four concepts of National Income.

## PART – III

### ( Marks : 15 )

*Note* : Answer briefly any *five* of the following questions, choosing *three* from Geography and *two* from Economics.                                    5 × 3 = 15

## GEOGRAPHY

Distinguish between the following :

41.  Northern great plains and Coastal plains.

42.  Western disturbances and Tropical cyclones.

43.  Well irrigation and Tube-well irrigation.

44.  Deforestation and Afforestation.

45.  Monsoon forests and Mangrove forests.

46.  Agro based industry and Mineral based industry.

## ECONOMICS

Distinguish between the following :

47.  Capitalism and Mixed economy.

48.  Explicit cost and Implicit cost.

49.  Surplus budget and Deficit budget.

50.  Birth rate and Death rate.

[ Turn over

## PART – IV

### ( Marks : 20 )

*Note :* Answer any *four* of the following questions each in a paragraph, choosing *two* from Geography and *two* from Economics.      4 × 5 = 20

### GEOGRAPHY

51.  Write a short note on geological history of Himalayas.

52.  List out any five challenges faced today in the field of agriculture.

53.  Enumerate that automobile industry is the fast growing industry in India.

54.  Briefly describe the classification of roads.

55.  What are the advantages of remote sensing ?

### ECONOMICS

56.  Explain any five factors affecting the economic development.

57.  Write about the measures to solve urban unemployment in India.

58.  Explain the importance of trade in the economic development of a country.

59.  Calculate GDP, NDP, NNP with the help of data given below :

GNP = 15,000 (Rs. in crore)

Depreciation = 2000

NFYEA = ( – ) 1000

## PART – V

### ( Marks : 10 )

*Note :* Answer any *one* of the following questions.      1 × 10 = 10

60.  Mention some of the environmental issues and explain your role in managing the issues.

61.  Write an essay on South West Monsoon.

62.  Explain how sunrays has its impact on the objects of the earth.

## PART – VI

### ( Marks : 10 )

*Note* : Mark the following on the *outline map of India* provided.     10 × 1 = 10

63. Bihar and its Capital.     1

64. Mt. Godwin Austen.     1

65. Direction of South West monsoon winds.     1

66. Gir National Park.     1

67. Mettur dam project.     1

68. Software Technology Park in Orissa.     1

69. Air route between Mumbai to Delhi.     1

70. Port of Vishakhapatnam.     1

71. Jute industry in West Bengal.     1
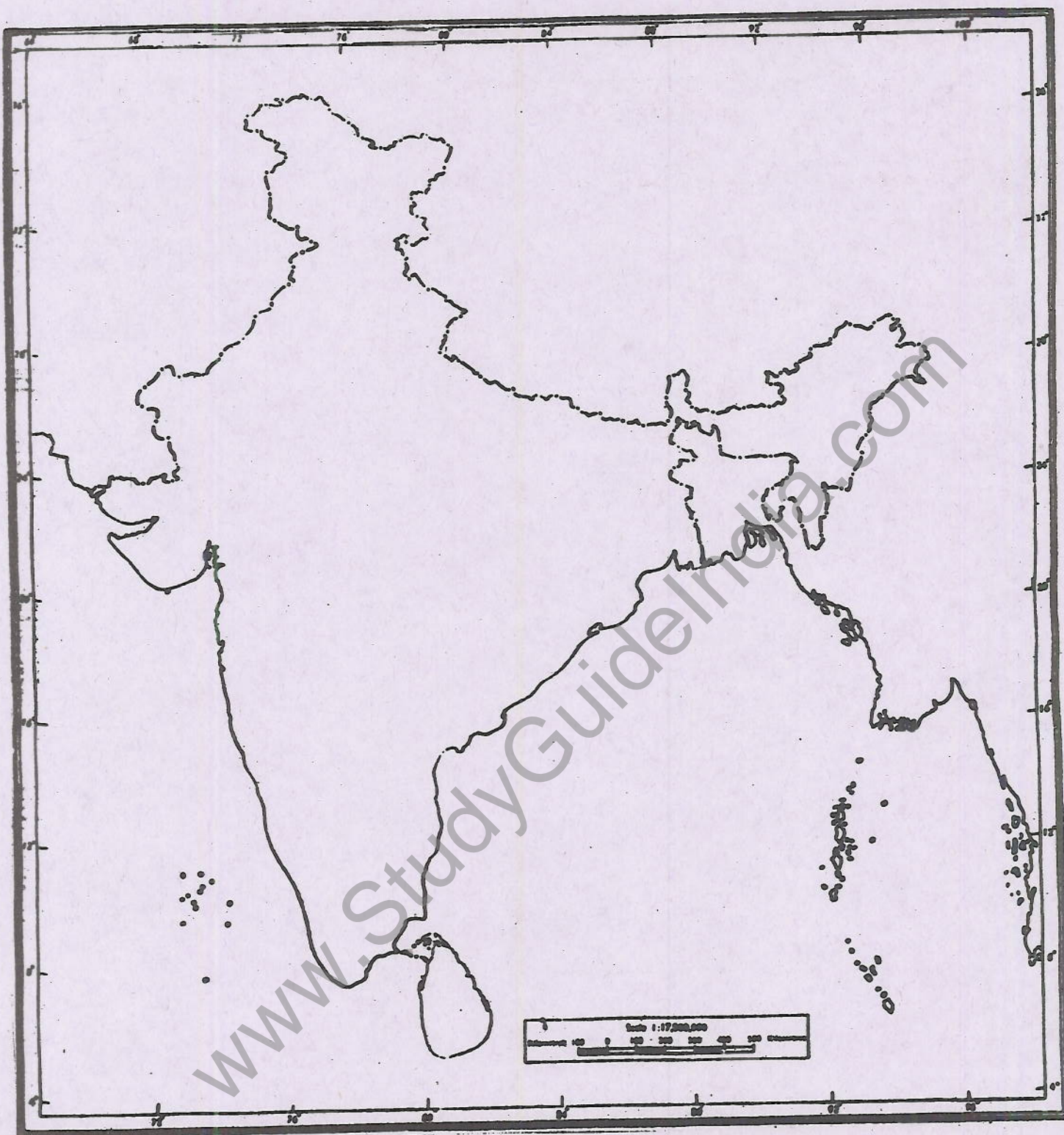
72. Any one Black soil region.     1

## PART — VI

( Marks : 10 )

16. Mark the following on the outline map of India provided :    10

a. Bihar and its Capital.

b. Pir Panjal Ranges.

c. retreating south-west monsoon winds.

d. City affected by ...

e. Marble producing ...

f. Sardar Sarovar (Narmada) Dam.

g. Sea route between Mumbai and ...

h. Port of Visakhapatnam.

i. Jute industry in West Bengal.

j. Any one black soil region.