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**Part III — NURSING**

( English Version )

Time Allowed : 3 Hours ]

[ Maximum Marks : 150

**Section A** — Answer all questions.

**Section B** — Answer any fifteen questions.

**Section C** — Q. No. 71 is compulsory and answer any five from Question Nos. 72 to 77 in 100 words each.

**Section D** — Answer any four questions in 200 words each.

**SECTION - A**

Note : Answer all the questions.

I. Choose the correct options and write them in your answer-book : 10 × 1 = 10

1. Malaria parasites belong to ..... type organism.

- a) protozoa
- b) bacteria
- c) virus
- d) fungi.

2. .... is otherwise called Ascorbic acid.

- a) Vitamin D
- b) Folic acid
- c) Vitamin B<sub>12</sub>
- d) Vitamin C.

[ Turn over

3. Diagnostic test for convulsion is

- a) MRI scan
- b) X-ray
- c) Blood test.
- d) Sputum test.

4. DNA virus ..... is a causative organism.

- a) Hepatitis A
- b) Hepatitis B
- c) Hepatitis C
- d) Hepatitis E.

5. Anterior fontanelle closes by ..... months.

- a) 12 - 18
- b) 18 - 24
- c) 9 - 12
- d) None of these.

6. STD is

- a) Gonorrhoea syphilis
- b) Chickenpox
- c) Sinusitis
- d) Serum hepatitis.

7. Legal abortion means

- a) illegal abortion
- b) threatened abortion
- c) planned legal abortion
- d) none of these.

8. Incubation period of bacillary dysentery is

- a) 3 to 4 weeks
- b) 1 to 7 days
- c) 6 weeks
- d) 2 weeks.

9. National AIDS Control Programme was launched in India in

- a) 1981
- b) 1986
- c) 1987
- d) 1985.

10. The part affected due to Hepatitis is

- a) Pancreas
- b) Stomach
- c) Liver
- d) Intestine.

II. State whether the following statements are **true** or **false** : 10 × 1 = 10

- 11. Home visiting is the backbone of the public health nursing.
- 12. The neurons has electrical activities.
- 13. Dyslexia is one of the difficulties in learning.
- 14. The length of a newborn baby is 40 – 42 cm.

[ Turn over



15. Due to low malnutrition the resistant power is not decreased in the body.
16. Folic acid medicines are not given to pregnant woman.
17. Glossitis is an inflammation of the mouth.
18. Digitalis is used to strengthen the heart muscles and improve the heart's contractibility.
19. The length of Umbilical cord with placenta is about 50 cm.
20. For the patient who is having high fever liquid diet is given.

III. Fill in the blanks :

20 × 1 = 20

21. Passing stools with blood and mucus is called .....
22. Study of the drug is called .....
23. McBurney's point is a sign and symptom of .....
24. Ear wax is otherwise called as .....
25. The National Trachoma Control Programme was launched in .....
26. Menstrual flow and the exit for the foetus during delivery is called .....
27. .... disease is spreaded by mosquitoes.
28. .... , ..... are female hormones.
29. Inner cytotrophoblast produces a hormone called .....
30. .... is used to prevent soiling from faeces, urine and vomiting.
31. .... is used for patients with obesity or heart disease.
32. .... is a woman carrying first pregnancy.

33. Inflammation of the airway and alveoli of the lung is called .....
34. National Filaria Control Programme was launched in .....
35. .... produces a thin lubricating fluid which enters the urethra through ducts.
36. Excessive amniotic fluid present in the uterus is called .....
37. .... means the person with the woman who is in labour.
38. .... is called the end of a woman's reproductive life.
39. Hospital acquired infections are called as .....
40. Inflammation of the tongue is known as .....

IV. Match the following :

10 × 1 = 10

- |                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| 41. Fungi             | a) Vitamin B                                |
| 42. Protozoa          | b) The woman who has not given birth before |
| 43. Goitre            | c) 38 – 40 weeks                            |
| 44. Vitamin E         | d) Animal type microorganisms               |
| 45. Lightning         | e) Plant type microorganisms                |
| 46. Nallipara         | f) Infertility                              |
| 47. AIDS              | g) Iodine                                   |
| 48. Low residual diet | h) HCG + ve                                 |
| 49. Prenatal          | i) Colitis                                  |
| 50. Pellagra          | j) HIV + ve                                 |

[ Turn over

## SECTION - B

V: Answer any *fifteen* of the following in two lines each :

15 × 2 = 30

51. Write a short note on functions of the food.
52. Write a short note on BCG vaccine.
53. Write a short note on functions of the uterus.
54. Define health.
55. What are the routes of infection into the human body ?
56. What is medical asepsis ?
57. What are the causes of anaemia ?
58. What are the complications of right side heart failure ?
59. Define drugs.
60. Define convulsion.
61. Write the types of peptic ulcer.
62. Write a short note on Ectopic pregnancy.
63. Write a short note on Infection.
64. Write a short note on prevention of hypertension.
65. Write a short note on common accidents in children.



66. Write a short note on Puerperium.

67. Write a short note on Menstrual cycle.

68. What is called shock therapy ?

69. Write a short note on Immunisation.

70. Write a short note on Isolation.

### SECTION - C

VI. Answer any *five* from Q. Nos. 72 to 77 and Question No. 71 which is compulsory in 100 words each : 6 × 5 = 30

71. Write the ways of administration of the drugs.

OR

What are the side effects of drugs ?

72. Write a short note on Nursing management given to a dying patient.

73. What are the causes, signs and symptoms of urinary tract infection ?

74. What are the functions of primary health centre ?

75. What is the nursery management of hepatitis ?

76. Explain the handling of sterile articles.

77. What is the role of nurse in giving nursing care to woman in first stage of labour ?

[ Turn over

## SECTION - D

VII. Write notes on any four of the following in 200 words each : 4 × 10 = 40

78. Fetal growth and development.

79. Mumps

- Definition
- Signs and symptoms
- Treatment
- Complications.

80. Burns

- Signs and symptoms
- Nursing care
- Complications.

81. Intramuscular injection

- Purpose
- Requirement
- Procedure
- Result.

82. Diabetes Mellitus

- Types
- Etiology
- Signs and symptoms
- Management.

83. Safety measures to be adopted while bringing up a child.

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