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GEOGRAPHYTime Allowed : 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

SECTION - I**(COMPULSORY)**

(Marks : 20)

Mark the following on the outline map of India provided :

1. Malwa plateau. 1
2. Palghat pass. 1
3. Capital of Uttar Pradesh. 1
4. River Godavari. 1
5. Cardamom Hills. 1
6. Mettur Dam. 1
7. An area important for canal irrigation. 1
8. Port Blair. 1
9. A place subjected to soil erosion. 1
10. A state important for jute cultivation. 1
11. A region with low density of population. 1
12. Mark a centre for each of the following :
 - i) SB for shipbuilding. 1
 - ii) PI for paper industry. 1
 - iii) CI for Cement industry. 1
13. Paradweep. 1
14. Dum Dum Airport. 1
15. A state important for apples. 1
16. Railway route from Mumbai to New Delhi with one station enroute. 3

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SECTION - II

Choose the correct answers :

5 × 1 = 5

17. The highest peak of the Aravali is
- i) Mahendra Giri ii) Guru Shikhar iii) Kalsubai.
18. covers most of the Deccan Plateau region.
- i) Black cotton soil ii) Red soil iii) Laterite soil.
19. The bird sanctuary is an important bird sanctuary of Karnataka.
- i) Ranganthitu ii) Vedantagal iii) Rohia.
20. Jammu and Kashmir is rich in
- i) antimony ii) mica iii) limestone.
21. Kerala accounts for per cent of the country's total fish.
- i) 75 ii) 85 iii) 65.

SECTION - IIIDefine any *five* of the following terms :

5 × 2 = 10

22. Monsoon.
23. Deciduous forest.
24. Irrigation.
25. Geothermal power.
26. Subsistence agriculture.
27. HAM.
28. Cottage Industry.
29. Favourable trade.

SECTION - IVAnswer any *five* of the following in *two* or *three* sentences each :

5 × 2 = 10

30. Name four important varieties of trees found in the Alpine forest.
31. How can flood be checked ?
32. What is dry farming ?
33. Mention two uses of bauxite.

34. What is SPV ?
35. Why is agriculture important in India ?
36. Mention two steps taken by the government to improve fishing.
37. List the products of the sugar industry.

SECTION - V

- A) Explain any *two* of the following statements : 2 × 5 = 10
38. The Himalayas is an important and useful mountain barrier.
 39. Direction of mountain range influences the climate of India.
 40. Tanks are a common form of irrigation in South India.
 41. The railways play a significant role in the economic development of a country.
 42. India is a subcontinent.
- B) Compare and contrast between any *two* of the following : 2 × 5 = 10
43. Himachal and Siwalik Range.
 44. Windward slope and Leeward slope.
 45. Northern and Southern Rivers.
 46. Major Port and Minor Port.
 47. Perennial and Inundation canals.

SECTION - VI

Give detailed answers of any *three* of the following in about 250 words each :

3 × 10 = 30

48. Write a geographical account of the Ganga plain.
49. Explain the effects of the South-West Monsoons over India between June and August.
50. Name and describe the different types of soils found in India.

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51. Describe the different means of communication available to the people of India.
52. Write an account of the Suratgarh Farm and its influence on agriculture.
53. Define remote sensing. Explain its application.

SECTION - VII

54. Using the given data draw a suitable diagram for any *one* of the following :

1 × 5 = 5

- a) Represent the following with a vertical bar graph :

Groundnut production in India

States	Production (Million Tonnes)
A.P.	50.4
Gujarat	30.6
T.N.	40.2
Maharashtra	80.0
U.P.	90.6

OR

- b) Represent the following by a pie-diagram :

Irrigation sources	Area in percentage
Tank	10
Well	43
Tubewell	17
Canal	30