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SCIENCE (Theory) — Paper I (Physics and Chemistry)

Time Allowed : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 100

Instructions to the Candidates:

- i) Use of logarithm table is permitted.
- ii) Use diagrams, expressions and equations, wherever necessary.

(PHYSICS)

(Marks: 50)

SECTION - A

Answer all the questions.

I. Choose the correct answers:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- 1. A stone in air during its motion possesses
 - a) mechanical energy
 - b) kinetic energy
 - c) partly kinetic energy and partly potential energy
 - d) potential energy.
- 2. A floating ship has stability when the
 - a) metacentre is below the C.G. of the ship
 - b) metacentre is below the centre of buoyancy
 - c) metacentre is above the C.G. of the ship
 - d) C.G. of the ship coincides with the metacentre.
- 3. The instrument used to check the purity of milk is
 - a) hypsometer

b) lactometer

c) calorimeter

d) alcoholometer.

4.	The fixed temperature at which the liquid changes into its vapour is called				
	a)	evaporation	b)	boiling point	
	c)	melting point	d)	conduction.	
5.	In w	thich of the following defects of e	eye is	the eyeball elongated?	
	a)	Myopia	b)	Astigmatism	
	c)	Hypermetropia	d)	Both Myopia and Astigmatism.	
6.	The	loudness of a musical note depe	ends o	n	
	a)	frequency	b)	amplitude	
	c)	wavelength	d)	overtones.	
7.	Decl	lination can be measured using	a		
	a)	magnetic compass	b)	ampere meter	
	c)	artificial magnet	d)	Kew magnetometer.	
8.	The	dip is 90° at the magnetic poles	as th	e lines of force are	
	a)	parallel	b)	vertical	
	c)	horizontal	d)	intersecting.	
9.	Step	o-down transformers are used in	1		
	a)	TV sets	b)	Wireless	
	cl	Radios	d)	X-ray equipment.	
10.	Ato	mic power plant in Tamil Nadu i	s loca	ted at	
	a)	Chennai	b)	Manali	
	c)	Kalpakkam	d)	Ennore.	
Con	nplete	e the following using appropriate	e word	$1 / \text{words} / \text{expressions} : 5 \times 1 = 5$	
	1	value of 1 megawatt is			
12.	The	principle of floating a submarin	e is th	ne principle of	
13.	Mel	ting point of ice	vith in	ncrease in pressure.	
		ared radiations can be detected			
15.	Ast	the temperature increases the ve	elocity	of sound in air	

SECTION - B

Answer any five of the following in one or two sentences each:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- 16. Calculate the power of a pump which lifts 200 kg water from a depth of 6 metre in 10 seconds.
- 17. State the laws of floatation.
- 18. Give the differences between sound produced by closed and open organ pipes.
- 19. Give the medical uses of X-rays.Give reasons for the following :
- 20. Why does it take a longer time to cook in mountainous regions?
- 21. The dip is zero at the equator. Why?Give any two uses or practical applications of the following:
- 22. Infrared radiation.
- 23. Electric motor.

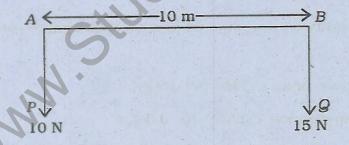
SECTION - C

Answer any five of the following, choosing at least one question from each Part :

 $5 \times 5 = 25$

PART - I

24. Study the following diagram and answer the questions:



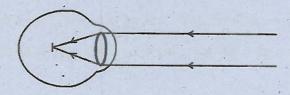
- a) What kind of parallel forces are P and Q?
- b) What is the magnitude of their resultant?
- c) How far is the resultant from P and from Q?

1

1

2

25. The following diagram shows the defective vision of a person.



a) Name the defect.

1

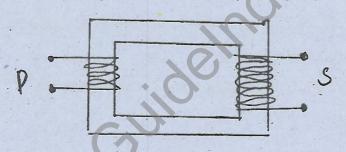
b) State the causes for this defect.

2

c) Draw the diagram and show how this defect is rectified.

2

26.



a) Name the device.

b) Name the principle on which it works.

c) Define turns ratio.

d) Give any one application of this device.

PART - II

27. How will you find the R.D. of a liquid using a test tube float as constant immersion hydrometer?

28. Calculate the quantity of heat required to convert 200 gm of ice at 0° C into steam at 100° C.

[latent heat of fusion of ice = 336×10^3 J/kg]

[latent heat of vaporisation = 2260×10^3 J/kg]

5

5

29. Describe the modes of vibration of an air column in an open organ pipe.

30. Describe dip circle with a neat diagram and explain how it is used to find the dip at a place.

31. Describe Coolidge tube and explain the production of X-rays.

5

(CHEMISTRY)

(Marks: 50)

SECTION - A

Answer all the questions.

Cho	ose th	ne correct answers :		$10 \times 1 = 10$	
1.	The number of moles present in 20 gm of sodim hydroxide is				
	a)	5 moles	b)	0·5 mole	
	c)	0.25 mole	d)	2·5 moles.	
2.	If 2 gm of A combines separately with 4 gms of B and 6 gms of C , the ratio in which B and C combine will be				
	a)	1:2	b)	2:3	
	c)	1:3	d)	2:1.	
3.	The	electronic configuration of sulphur	is		
	a)	2, 8, 5	b)	2, 8, 6	
	c)	2, 8, 7	d)	2, 8, 8.	
4.	is a molecule formed by electrovalent bonding.				
	a)	HCl	b)	CH ₄	
	c)	CaF ₂	d)	NH ₃ .	
5.		is used for detecting any	y leak	tage in mains.	
	a)	Na ²⁴	b)	C^{14}	
	c)	P ³²	d)	Co ⁶⁰ .	
6.	Tyr	ndal effect is shown by			
	a)	true solution	b)	colloidal solution	
	c)	suspension	d)	saturated solution.	
				[Turn over	

		pentoxide is used as a/an	ic acid	by contact process vanadium			
		a) promoter	b)	catalyst			
		c) oxidising agent	d)	dehydrating agent			
	8.	is used as a 'deoxidise	er' to rem	ove oxygen in metallurgy.			
		a) Copper	b)	Magnesium			
		c) Zinc	d) .	Iron.			
	9.	Alkyne is characterised by the prese	ence of	0			
		a) (C-C)	b)	(C = C)			
		c) (C = C)	d)	none of these.			
	10.	fat.	ide but i	s now banned as it is soluble in			
		a) Malathion	, b)	BHC - 666			
		c) Pyrethrin	d)	D.D.T.			
Ι.	Con	nplete the following, using appropriat	te word/v	words/expressions: $5 \times 1 = 5$			
	11.	1. Radioactivity was discovered by					
	12.	Atoms of elements with same mass are called	s numbe	er but different atomic numbers			
	13.	The various compounds of n	netals v	which occur in nature are			
	14.	The percentage composition of Invariant	r is				
	15.	The molecular formula for propene	is				
		SECTION	N – B				
	Ans	wer any five questions in one or two	sentence	s each: $5 \times 2 = 10$			

16. State Gay Lussac's law of combining volumes.

17. What are the ingredients present on the sides of the match box?

Complete and balance the following equations:

- 18. $P_4 + HNO_3 \rightarrow + +$
- 19. NaHCO₃ $\xrightarrow{\Delta}$ + + +

Give reasons for the following:

- 20. When diluting the concentrated sulphuric acid, acid should be added to water.
- 21. Use of white phosphorus is banned in the match industry. Why? Give any two practical applications of the following:
- 22. Wrought iron.
- 23. Ethanol.

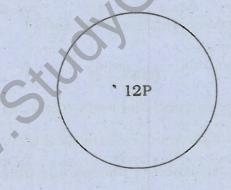
SECTION - C

Answer any five of the following, choosing at least one question from each Part:

 $5 \times 5 = 25$

PART -

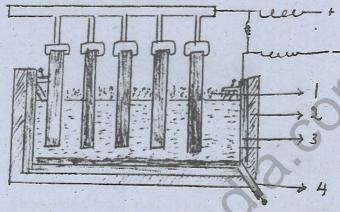
24. Study the diagram and answer the following questions:



- Name the element. a)
- What is the atomic number? b)
- What is the mass number? c)
- Complete the structure and give the electronic configuration. d)

[Turn over

25. Study the diagram and answer the following questions:



	a) What does the above set-up represent?	1			
	b) Label the numbers given in the diagram.	1			
	c) What is liberated at the anode?	1			
	d) What is the reaction taking place at the anode?	2			
26.	You are provided with the following apparatus in the laboratory:				
	Round bottomed flask, dropping funnel, wash bottle, thermometer, bee-hive shelten trough, gas jar, delivery tubes, burner and stand.				
	a) How will you set up the apparatus for the preparation of ethylene?	3			
	b) Write the equation.	1			
	c) What is added to prevent frothing in the flask?	1			
	PART - II				
27.	State the law of definite proportion and verify it with an experiment.	5			
28.	Define and describe the formation of electrovalent bond with an example.	5			
29.	Describe the method of extraction of phosphorus from bone ash by the mode electrothermal process.	rn 5			

31. Give the raw materials needed for the manufacture of soap and explain the

5

30. What is addition reaction? Give any two examples for it.

manufacture of soap by hot process.