

7463

Register
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GEOGRAPHYTime Allowed : 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

SECTION - I**(COMPULSORY)**

(Marks : 20)

Mark the following on the outline map of India provided :

- | | | |
|-----|--|---|
| 1. | Shipki La pass. | 1 |
| 2. | Lakshadweep Islands. | 1 |
| 3. | Siwalik Range. | 1 |
| 4. | Kanha National Park. | 1 |
| 5. | Capital of Bihar. | 1 |
| 6. | River Narmada. | 1 |
| 7. | Salem Steel Plant. | 1 |
| 8. | A major fishing port in Andhra Pradesh. | 1 |
| 9. | A centre for silk industry. | 1 |
| 10. | An area of dense population. | 1 |
| 11. | A seaport in Gujarat. | 1 |
| 12. | Mark SG for sugarcane and SP for spices [only one area each] | 2 |
| 13. | A tourist centre in Rajasthan. | 1 |
| 14. | Shade and mark the following : | 3 |
| | An area famous for orange cultivation. | |
| | A state famous for coconut. | |
| | A region of deciduous vegetation. | |
| 15. | Railway route from Chennai to Kolkata. | 3 |

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SECTION - II

Fill in the blanks from the options given below :

5 × 1 = 5

16. The Western and Eastern Ghats meet at the
- i) Palghat ii) Anaimudi iii) Nilgiris.
17. Along the Malabar coast, the annual range of temperature is only about
- i) 10° C ii) 6° C iii) 3° C
18. Neyveli and in Tamil Nadu are important thermal power plants.
- i) Kalpakkam ii) Ennore iii) Sriharikota.
19. soil is the result of intense leaching, leading to the removal of silica from the soil.
- i) Red ii) Laterite iii) Mountain.
20. The Hindustan Shipyard is at
- i) Mumbai ii) Cochin iii) Vishakhapatnam.

SECTION - III

Define any *five* of the following terms :

5 × 2 = 10

21. Norwesters.
22. Natural vegetation.
23. Multipurpose projects.
24. Non-conventional sources of energy.
25. Soil erosion.
26. E-mail.
27. Growth rate.
28. Harbour.

SECTION - IV

Answer any *five* of the following in *two* or *three* sentences each :

5 × 2 = 10

29. What is afforestation ?
30. What is wildlife ?
31. Name two hill stations of the Western Ghats.

32. State two factors that favour the development of hydro-electric power.
33. Explain optimum population.
34. How are industries classified ?
35. What is the pink revolution ?
36. Name the chief imports of India (any four).

SECTION - V

- A) Explain any *two* of the following statements : 2 × 5 = 10
37. India is called the queen of the Indian Ocean.
 38. The monsoons over India are unpredictable.
 39. Wildlife should be protected.
 40. Mumbai is an important centre for cotton textile industries.
 41. Roadways play a more important role than the railways in development.
- B) Compare and contrast between any *two* of the following : 2 × 5 = 10
42. Western coastal plain and Eastern coastal plain.
 43. Continental climate and Equable climate.
 44. Alluvial soil and Black soil.
 45. Rural population and Urban population.
 46. Horticulture and Floriculture.

SECTION - VI

Give detailed answers of any *three* of the following in about 250 words each :

3 × 10 = 30

47. Describe the Ganga plain.
48. Explain the factors that affect the climate of India.
49. Describe the non-conventional source of energy.
50. Write an account of India's trade policy.

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51. The Neyveli lignite mines have played an important role in the development of Tamil Nadu. Explain.
52. What are the different methods used for remote sensing ? How can the information received from remote sensing be used in three different fields of study ?

SECTION - VII

53. Using the given data draw a suitable diagram for any one of the following :

$1 \times 5 = 5$

- a) Draw a suitable pie-diagram illustrating commodities carried by the railways :

<i>Commodities</i>	<i>Year 1965 Percentage</i>
<i>Coal</i>	66%
<i>Foodgrain</i>	18%
<i>Petroleum</i>	10%
<i>Iron and Steel</i>	6%

OR

- b) Draw a horizontal bar graph :

<i>Fish production in the world</i>	
<i>Countries</i>	<i>Production (1000 Tons)</i>
USA	750
Norway	300
India	250
Canada	150
Indonesia	100
Others	500