Part-II

LATIN

Maximum : 80 Scores

Time : 2 ½ Hours
Cool-off time : 15 Minutes

General Instructions to candidates :
- There is a 'cool-off time' of 15 minutes in addition to the writing time of 2 ½ hrs.
- You are not allowed to write your answers nor to discuss anything with others during the 'cool-off time'.
- Use the 'cool-off time' to get familiar with questions and to plan your answers.
- Read questions carefully before answering.
- All questions are compulsory and only internal choice is allowed.
- When you select a question, all the sub-questions must be answered from the same question itself.

നിർദ്ദേശങ്ങൾ :

- നിർദ്ദിഷ്ട സമയത്തിന് പുറമെ 15 മിനിറ്റ് 'കൂൾ ഓഫ് ടൈം' ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കും. ഈ സമയത്ത് ചോദ്യങ്ങൾക്ക് ഉത്തരം എഴുതാനോ, മറ്റുള്ളവരുമായി ആശയ വിനിമയം നടത്താനോ പാടില്ല.

- ഉത്തരങ്ങൾ എഴുതുന്നതിന് മുമ്പ് ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ ശ്രദ്ധാപൂർവ്വം വായിക്കണം.

- എല്ലാ ചോദ്യങ്ങൾക്കും ഉത്തരം എഴുതണം.

- ഒരു ചോദ്യനമ്പർ ഉത്തരമെഴുതാൻ തെരഞ്ഞെടുത്തു കഴിഞ്ഞാൽ ഉപചോദ്യങ്ങളും അതേ ചോദ്യനമ്പരിൽ നിന്ന് തന്നെ തെരഞ്ഞെടു-ക്കേണ്ടതാണ്.

I.   Comple vacua verbis aptis   (1 × 4 = 4)

   Fill in the blanks with suitable word/s from the bracket :

   (Rana, Vocem, Afflictis, Tunc, Hydrum, Tigillum, Rege, Exploratio)

   1.   Tum misit illis _____ qui dente aspero
        corripere coepit singulas
        Frustra necem fugitant inertes

   2.   _____ praecludit metus
        furtim igitur dant Mercurio

   3.   Mandata ad Iovem, _____ ut succurrat.

   4.   _____ contra deus :

II. Lege sequentia et comple verba apta $(6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3)$

Read the following and supply the missing word/s from the brackets :

(Cornelia, magnas, bona, tuas, amo provinciam,)

5. Anna: Ubi est ____ ?
6. Clara: Ad ____ Novam Scotiam navigat
7. Anna: Puellae, spectate undas ____ . Fortuna Corneliae non
8. ____ est.
9. Claudia: Clara, monstra Annae gemmas ____ novas
10. Clara: Specta, Anna. Gemmas ____

III. Fac respondeas sequentia $(1 \times 3 = 3)$

Answer the following questions based on the above dialogue :

11. Which girl has the jewels ?
12. Why Cornelia is unlucky ?
13. To whom the jewels are shown ?

IV. Redde Anglice $(1 \times 5 = 5)$

Translate the following into English :

14. Ubi es ? Sum in schola
15. Aetate hora quinta surgimus
16. Magna pars militum
17. Cicero creatus est consul
18. Me paenitet culpae meae

V. Expande contractiones insequentes

Give the full forms and meaning of the fallowing abbreviations :

One example has been done for you, viz.- videlicet = namely $(1 \times 5 = 5)$

19. Ph.D.
20. Per. Cent
21. Vs
22. Litt. D.
23. Cf.

VI. 24. Lege sequentia et narra "Urbs Conditur"

Using the following hints write a paragraph on "Urbs Conditur" : $(1 \times 6 = 6)$

- Romulus et Remus
- inter eos contentio
- Urbem Roman vocavit
- ne quis vallum transilire
- Romulus interfecit
- Ita solus potitus imperio Romulus

VII. Scribe verba dissimilia

Find the odd one.　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　(1 × 4 = 4)

25. Mensam, Vaccam, Poetam, Reginam
26. Terrere, Monere, Mittere, Habere
27. Ad, Post, Per, Sine
28. Dominum, Argentum, Cibum, Amicum

VIII. Delige verbum aptum

Choose the correct form of verb from the brackets.　　　　　　　(1 × 4 = 4)

29. Tobias adultus uxorem_____ (ducere)
30. Deus solem, lunam, et stellas _____ (dare)
31. Unde _____, boni iuvenes ? (sum)
32. Discipuli libros _____ (habere)

IX. Nomina Romanorum deorum et dearum dantur.　　　　　　　　(1 × 5 = 5)
Da exactum contexum ubi heac nomina narrantur
The names of principal Roman divinities are given below.
Identify in which passage/s of the lessons where these names occur.

33. **Iovis** (Jupiter – King of Gods and men)
34. **Iuno** (Juno – wife of Jupiter, godess of marriage and childbirth)
35. **Minerva** (Minerva – patron of handicrafts)
36. **Apollo** (Apollo – patron of poetry and music)
37. **Veasta** (Vesta – godess of hearth)

X. Lege et responde.

Read and answer the following questions :　　　　　　　　　　(1 × 5 = 5)

38. If **DC** = (500 + 100) = 600, then **CCCXXIV** = ?
39. **Unde** X **Inde, Hic** × **Illic** Then **Ubi** X _____
40. If **Amare** = amo, as, avi, atum, are. Then **Vocare** = _____
41. *I am going* = **eo** then, *She is going* = _____
42. *I came, I saw, I conquered* = Veni, Vidi _____

XI. Redde Anglice

Translate the following :　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　(1 × 6 = 6)

43. Quod tibi nolis fieri, aliis ne facito. Fili mi, si quis tibi opus fecerit, statim ei mercedem persolve; consilium semper a viro sapiente exquire; ne societatem cum improbis iungito. Cum ex hac vita decessero, sepeli corpus meum; matrem tuam colito memor malorum quae patiebatur dum te in utero gestabat; et cum ipsa supremum diem obierit, eam ponito mecum in eodem sepulchro.

XII. Lege et explica

Read and comment on the following sentences :　　　　　　　　(2 × 3 = 6)

44. "Equidem natus non eram"
45. "Pater deorum risit atquae illis dedit parvum tigillum"

XIII. Scribe brevem dessertasionem de UNA

Write a short essay on ANY ONE of the following :   **(1 × 8 = 8)**

46. Religious institutions of Numa

47. The fight between Romans and Albanians

48. Brutus' severity towards his son

XIV. Adequa verba data cum titulis aptis.

The following passages are taken from "Vita Persei". Identify the persons.   **(1 × 5 = 5)**

(Danae, Miverva, Perseus, Andromeda, Dianae, Medusam, Juppiter, Appolo, Polydectus)

49. Euis autem filia, nomine ____ virgo erat formossissima.

50. ____ Perseo seculum dederat

51. Hic ____ quod Polydectum timebat.

52. ____ tamen haec omnia viderat.

53. Quarto die ad ____ templum pervenit.

XV. Decem Latina verba dantur. Scribe anglica verba quae derivantur de his.

Try to make the English derivative form from the given Latin word.

For Eg. Herba, ae = herbal   **(10 × ½ = 5)**

54. Memoria, ae

55. Vita, ae

56. Pugnare

57. Liberare

58. Manere

59. Numerus, i

60. Puer, eri

61. Cor, cordis

62. Auxilium, i

63. Ponere

XVI. Scribe conversationem telephonicam de uno

Prepare a telephone conversation on ANY ONE of the following :   **(1 × 6 = 6)**

64. Nostra schola

65. Meus amicus

66. Aegretudo mea

_____