## 五 <br> ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION

## Addition

## MATHEMATICS



Four vendors went to a coconut grove to buy coconuts. Each one needed 700 coconuts. Help them to select the heaps.

| First vendor | Second vendor | Third vendor | Fourth vendor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 350 <br> 320 <br> +30 | 400 |  |  |
| 700 | 700 | 700 | 700 |

Write the missing numbers in the magic squares for the given total.

| Total 45 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 | 11 | 18 |
| 17 | 15 | 13 |
| 12 | 19 | 14 |


| Total 210 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
| 80 | 30 |  |
| 90 | 70 | 50 |
|  | 110 | 60 |


| Total |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 165 |  |  |
| 65 | 15 |  |
| 75 | 55 | 35 |
|  | 95 |  |

## Fill in the boxes.



The sum of any number and zero is the number itself.
The sum of two numbers does not change even if we change the order of the numbers.


## Addition without carrying

1) A library has 3242 story books and 435 rhymes books. Find the total number of books.

## Solution:

To find the total number of books, we have to add the number of story books and rhymes books.

Number of story books = Number of rhymes books $=+$ Total number of books =

| Th H Tr |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 2 | 4 | 2 |
|  | 4 | 3 | 5 |
| 3 | 6 | 7 | 7 |$=$| $3000+200+40+2$ |
| ---: |
| $=3000+600+70+7$ |

Total number of books in the library $=3677$

## Another method:

$$
+\begin{array}{|cccc}
\text { Th } & \mathrm{H} & \mathrm{~T} & \mathrm{O} \\
3 & 2 & 4 & 2 \\
& 4 & 3 & 5 \\
3 & 6 & 7 & 7
\end{array}
$$

## Steps

* Add ones
* Add tens
* Add hundreds
* Add thousands

2) A factory produced 1154 bags of fertilizer on the first day and 2832 bags on the second day. Find the total number of bags of fertilizer.

## Solution:

Fertilizer produced on first day $=1154$
Fertilizer produced on second day $=+2832$
Total number of bags of fertilizer $=3986$
3986 bags of fertilizer are produced.


## Practice

1) | Th | H | T O |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 4 | 6 | 3 |
| 4 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
2) 

| Th | H | T O |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 2 | 0 | 4 |
| 3 | 4 | 8 | 5 |

3) 

$+$| Th | H | T O |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 5 | 0 | 2 |
| 5 | 3 | 0 | 4 |

4) 

$+$| Th | H | T O |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 6 | 7 |

5) 

| Th | H | T | O |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

6) 

$+$| Th | H | T O |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| 2 | 3 | 7 | 4 |

7) 



In a factory 3850 persons worked in the first shift and 3106 persons worked in the second shift.
Find the total number of persons.
8) In a function 2274 people had breakfast and 3015 people had lunch. Find the total number of people in the function.

## Recall and write

| 10 ones $=1$ ten | 36 tens $=3$ hundreds 6 tens |
| :--- | :--- |
| 70 ones $=$ | 29 tens $=$ |
| 25 ones $=$ |  |
| 43 ones $=$ | 2 tens 5 ones 10 hundreds $=1$ thousand <br> 10 tens $=$ 40 hundreds $=$ <br> 50 tens $=$ 78 hundreds $=7$ thousands 8 hundreds <br> 64 hundreds $=$  |

## Addition with carrying

Balaji and Ramji bought two mobiles. The cost of mobiles are ₹ 2495 and ₹ 1628 respectively. Find the total cost of the mobiles.

## Solution:

Cost of Balaji's mobile = ₹ 2495


Cost of Ramji's mobile = ₹ 1628
To find out the total cost, add the cost of the mobiles.

$+$| Th H T | O |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | (1) |  |  |
| 2 | 4 | 9 | 5 |  |
| 1 | 6 | 2 | 8 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 3 |


$+$| Th | $H$ | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | $(1)$ |  |
| 2 | 4 | 9 | 5 |
| 1 | 6 | 2 | 8 |
|  |  | 2 | 3 |


| Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $(1)$ | 1 |  |
| 2 | 4 | 9 | 5 |
| 1 | 6 | 2 | 8 |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 |


| Th | $H$ | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | $(1)$ |  |
| 2 | 4 | 9 | 5 |
| 1 | 6 | 2 | 8 |
| 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 |

## Step 1

Add the ones
5 ones +8 ones $=13$ ones
13 ones $=1$ ten 3 ones
Write 3 under the ones place
Carry (1)to tens place
Step 2
Add the tens
(1)ten +9 tens +2 tens $=12$ tens

12 tens $=1$ hundred 2 tens
Write 2 under the tens place
Carry (1) to hundreds place
Step 3
Add the hundreds
(1)hundred +4 hundreds +6 hundreds $=11$ hundreds

11 hundreds $=1$ thousand 1 hundred
Write 1 under the hundreds place
Carry (1)to thousands place

## Step 4

Add the thousands
(1) thousand +2 thousands +1 thousand $=4$ thousands Write 4 under the thousands place

Total cost of 2 mobiles is ₹ 4123

## Practice

1) | Th | H | T | O |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 3 | 2 | 7 |
| 2 | 8 | 6 | 2 |
2) | Th | H | T | O |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 7 | 4 | 5 |
| 5 | 4 | 6 | 3 |
3) | Th | H | T | O |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 3 | 6 | 9 |
| 3 | 2 | 4 | 3 |
4) 

| Th | H | T O |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 2 | 5 | 9 |
| 3 | 8 | 3 | 5 |

7) In a circus 2625 persons visited the noon show, and 3768 persons visited the night show. Find the total number of persons.
8) In a mango grove, 1243 malgova, 2132 sendura and 2644 neelam mangoes were plucked from mango trees. Find the total
 number of mangoes plucked.

9) Fill up the addition chain

10) Take two sets of number cards from 0 to 9 . Using the number cards form eight 4 digit numbers. Take two numbers at a time and add.

## Subtraction

Relation between addition and subtraction.


## Subtraction without grouping

Bharath purchased an aircooler and a water heater for his house. The total cost is ₹ 8965 .

Find the cost of water heater, if the cost of the air cooler is ₹ 4650.


## Solution:

Total cost of the air cooler and the water heater = ₹ 8965
Cost of the air cooler = ₹ 4650
The cost of water heater = ₹ 8965 - ₹ 4650

$-$| Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 9 | 6 | 5 |
| 4 | 6 | 5 | 0 |
|  |  |  | 5 |



Step 1

## Subtract the ones

5 ones - 0 ones $=5$ ones
Write 5 in the ones place.

## Step 2

Subtract the tens
6 tens - 5 tens = 1 ten.
Write 1 in the tens place.

## Step 3

Subtract the hundreds
9 hundreds -6 hundreds $=3$ hundreds.
Write 3 in the hundreds place.

Step 4
Subtract the thousands
8 thousands - 4 thousands = 4 thousands.
Write 4 in the thousands place.
The cost of water heater is ₹ 4315 .

## Practice

1) 9865

- 2334

2) 7650
3) 4030
4) 8897

- 2310
- 2010
- 3405
$\qquad$

5) 8743
$-1212$
6) Population of a village is 8625 . Of them 4314 are working in fields. Find the remaining population.

7) Number of vehicles parked in a shed is 2448 . If 1236 vehicles are taken out, calculate the vehicles left in the shed.
8) A car manufacturing company produced 2680 cars. 1570 cars are sold. How many cars are left in the company?


## Subtraction with grouping

There were 8260 tea packets in a van. Of these 6984 tea packets were sold out. Find the remaining tea packets.

## Solution:

| Tea packets in the van | $=8260$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sold tea packets | $=6984$ |
| Remaining tea packets | $=8260-6984$ |


$-|$| Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 5 | 10 |
| 8 | 2 | 6 | 0 |
| 6 | 9 | 8 | 4 |
|  |  |  | 6 |

Subtract the ones
4 cannot be subtracted from 0
Take 1 ten from 6 tens, (we get 1 ten $=10$ ones)
(10) ones -4 ones $=6$ ones


Subtract the tens
8 cannot be subtracted from 5 Take 1hundred from 2 hundreds, (1hundred $=10$ tens) and adding with (5)tens we get (15) tens -8 tens $=7$ tens

Step 3
Subtract the hundreds
9 cannot be subtracted from 1
Take 1 thousand from 8 thousands, (1 thousand = 10 hundreds) adding with (1) hundred we get (11) hundreds -9 hundreds $=2$ hundreds

$-|$| Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | 11 | 15 | 10 |
| 8 | 2 | 6 | 0 |
| 6 | 9 | 8 | 4 |
| 1 | 2 | 7 | 6 |

## Step 4

Subtract the thousands
(7) thousands -6 thousands $=1$ thousand

The remaining tea packets $=1276$

## Practice



Write the letters for the answers from 1 to 8 in the box and read.

9) The sum of two numbers is 3527 . If one number is 2685 , find the other number.
10) 2456 passengers travelled in a train. Of them, 1387 passengers have reserved their tickets, how many passengers have not reserved?
11) A lungi merchant bought 6570 lungies. If he was left with 1898 lungies, then how many lungies were sold?
12) In a two wheeler shop 543 vehicles were there during the beginning of a month. Again 1475 vehicles arrived for the sale. If 1682 vehicles are sold, how many vehicles are left at the end of the month?

## Oral sums



- Do the given problems and enter the result in the given circles.
- Add the numbers in each side of the triangle.
- What do you observe?

1) In a street there are 40 houses in the left side and 30 houses in the right side. What is the total number of houses?
2) In a bus 60 passengers are sitting and 30 passengers are standing. How many passengers are there in the bus?

3) In an aeroplane there are 200 passengers and 20 workers. How many are there in that aeroplane?
4) There are 1000 roses in a flower shop. 300 roses are used to make garlands. How many roses are left?
5) 30 laddus are issued from 100 laddus. How many laddus are remaining?
6) 20 boys and 30 girls are studying in a class. What is the total number of students?
7) A jack fruit has 160 pods in it and another jack fruit has 100 pods. What is the total number of pods?
8) 700 lemons were bought to prepare pickle. Out of these 200 were used. How many lemons were left?
9) In a shop there were 500 shirts. 250 shirts were sold. How many shirts were left.


Observe the following pictures and frame the problems.


Problem
What is the total cost of 3 sarees?



Problem


## Problem

There are 70 green grapes and 60 black grapes. How many green grapes are more than black grapes?


## Problem



## Estimation in addition and subtraction

 Estimation in addition

Balachandar has to travel 14 km by bus and 18 km by train to reach his office. Estimate the total distance he has to travel.


| Mode of travel | Actual distance | Estimated distance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bus | 14 km | 10 km |
| Train | 18 km | 20 km |
| Total distance | 32 km | 30 km |

The difference between
actual distance and estimated distance $=32 \mathrm{~km}-30 \mathrm{~km}$
Difference $=2 \mathrm{~km}$

## Practice

A basket contains 83 kg of tamarind and another basket contains 46 kg of tamarind. Estimate the total weight of tamarind. Find the difference between actual weight and estimated weight.

## Estimation in subtraction

A goldsmith had 88 g of gold coins. He used 63 g of gold coins to make different patterns of ornaments. Estimate the weight of gold coins left with him.


| Coins | Actual weight | Estimated weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 88 g | 90 g |
| Used | 63 g | 60 g |
| Left | 25 g | 30 g |

The difference between actual weight and estimated weight

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =30 \mathrm{~g}-25 \mathrm{~g} \\
\text { Difference } & =5 \mathrm{~g}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Practice

There were 76 kg of cakes in a bakery shop. In two days 43 kg were sold. Estimate the weight of the cakes left.


Do the sums

1) 3462
2) 2835
3) 3654
4) 1347
$+2524$

5) 2289
$+7642$
6) 3009
$+4006$
7) 2010 $+5297$
8) 1800 + 3589
9) A company produced 4152 dresses for boys and 2340 dresses for girls. Find the total number of dresses produced.
10) A factory manufactured 2436 mixies last week and 3527 mixies this week. How many mixies were manufactured altogether?
11) 8000
12) 5900
$\begin{array}{r}5900 \\ -4700 \\ \hline\end{array}$
$-3000$
$\qquad$

| 6437 | 16) 8942 |
| ---: | ---: |
| -2329 | -3424 |
|  | - |

13) 

$-2035$

17) 7826 - 3918
14) 7090
$-5040$
$\qquad$
18) 6243 $-2462$
19) A farmer 6475 bags of carrot had taken to the market. He sold 5243 bags. How many bags of carrot are left?
20) In a school 2238 students went to various educational tours last year. If 1356 students went to some tours this year, how many more students went last year?


## $\checkmark$ MEASURING LENGTH

## FANCY STORE



Friends are talking about the stationary items which they have bought.


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Measuring tools

## Shall we measure

 with scale?

Now can we measure ribbon by using tape?


We measure the length of a play ground with a measuring tape.

## Length of smaller objects are measured in centimetre

Centimetre can be written as 'cm'.

Take the things given in pictures and write the approximate and actual length.


1) Length of a chalk $=8 \mathrm{~cm}$
2) Length of a pen $=\square$
3) Length of a spoon $=\square$
4) Length of a box $=\square$
5) Length of a book
$=\square$
You are 100 cm tall
Relation between metre and centimetre
Archana is measuring her friend's height.

Height is measured in metre.
1 metre $=100$ centimetre
Metre can be written as 'm'.


## Conversion of metre into centimetre

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Convert } 3 \mathrm{~m} \text { into } \mathrm{cm} \text {. } \\
& 1 \mathrm{~m}=100 \mathrm{~cm} \\
& 3 \mathrm{~m}=3 \times 100 \mathrm{~cm} \\
& 3 \mathrm{~m}=300 \mathrm{~cm} \\
& \text { Convert } 15 \mathrm{~m} \text { into } \mathrm{cm} . \\
& 1 \mathrm{~m}=100 \mathrm{~cm} \\
& 15 \mathrm{~m}=15 \times 100 \mathrm{~cm} \\
& 15 \mathrm{~m}=1500 \mathrm{~cm}
\end{aligned}
$$

Convert 6 m 20 cm into cm
$1 \mathrm{~m}=100 \mathrm{~cm}$
step 1
$6 \mathrm{~m}=6 \times 100 \mathrm{~cm}$ $6 \mathrm{~m}=600 \mathrm{~cm}$

600 cm
$+20 \mathrm{~cm}$

620 cm
$6 \mathrm{~m} 20 \mathrm{~cm}=620 \mathrm{~cm}$

To change m into cm , multiply by 100

## Practice

1) $2 \mathrm{~m}=\underline{200} \mathrm{~cm}$
2) $3 \mathrm{~m} 40 \mathrm{~cm}=\underline{340} \mathrm{~cm}$
3) $5 \mathrm{~m}=$ $\qquad$ cm
4) $7 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{10} \mathrm{cm}=\ldots \mathrm{cm}$
5) $25 \mathrm{~m}=\underline{2500} \mathrm{~cm}$
6) $8 \mathrm{~m} 7 \mathrm{~cm}=807 \mathrm{~cm}$
7) $48 \mathrm{~m}=$ $\qquad$ cm
8) $6 \mathrm{~m} 5 \mathrm{~cm}=\ldots \quad \mathrm{cm}$

Conversion of centimetre into metre

| Convert 500 cm into m |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $100 \mathrm{~cm}=1 \mathrm{~m}$ | Convert 725 cm into m |
| $500 \div 100=5$ | $100 \mathrm{~cm}=1 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| $500 \mathrm{~cm}=5 \mathrm{~m}$ | $725 \mathrm{~cm}=700 \mathrm{~cm}+25 \mathrm{~cm}=7 \mathrm{~m}+25 \mathrm{~cm}$ |

To change cm into m , divide by 100

## Practice



Addition
$12 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{75cm}+58 \mathrm{~m} 56 \mathrm{~cm}$
m cm
1275
$+5856$
7131

$12 \mathrm{~m} 75 \mathrm{~cm}+58 \mathrm{~m} 56 \mathrm{~cm}=71 \mathrm{~m} 31 \mathrm{~cm}$

## Practice



## Life related problems



## Practice

> Ashok sold 20 m 95 cm of cloth to one customer and 11 m 35 cm to another customer. Find the total length of the cloth.

## Subtraction without conversion



## Subtraction with conversion



Practice
Subraction

| $m$ | $c m$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 93 | 29 |
| - | 62 |
|  | 65 |
|  | $c m$ |
| -47 | 21 |
| -45 |  |



## Life related problems

Dinesh bought 80 m 50 cm of wire to fence his garden. He used only 65 m 75 cm of wire. Find the remaining length of the wire.


Remaining length of the wire is 14 m 75 cm

## Practice

1) Kannan sold 48 m 87 cm of curtain cloth from the roll of 95 m 75 cm . How much is left over?

2) Distance between two poles is 65 m 20 cm . In between the poles there is a tree which is 32 m 45 cm away from the first pole. Find the distance between the tree and the second pole.

One metre is about the distance from one hand to other when your arms are stretched out


## Estimate the following distances.

1) Distance between your classroom and the next classroom.
2) Distance between your classroom and play ground.
3) Distance between the two poles in a kho - kho ground.
4) Distance between two neighbouring trees in your school.


Look at the route map. The various distance are marked in the figure.


Vijay goes to school by walk. While going to school he buys notebooks from the bookstall.

1) Distance between Vijay's house and the bookstall is $\qquad$
2) From the bookstall he goes to the school. Distance between the bookstall and the school is $\qquad$
3) Total distance covered by him from his house to school is
4) After school he goes to the fruit stall and buys fruits, then he goes to his house. Distance covered from school to house is
5) After reaching home he goes to the park and comes back home. Total distance covered by him is $\qquad$
6) In case if he comes directly from school to his house through park, then the distance is $\qquad$


Fill in the blanks

1) $1300 \mathrm{~cm}=\square \mathrm{m}$

2) 5800 cm
$=$ $\qquad$ m
3) $563 \mathrm{~cm}=$
$=\quad \mathrm{m}$
m $\qquad$ cm
4) $1865 \mathrm{~cm}=$
$=\quad \mathrm{m}$ m $\qquad$ cm
5) $809 \mathrm{~cm}=$ $\qquad$ m $\qquad$ cm
6) $7 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{25} \mathrm{cm}=$
$=$ $\qquad$ cm
7) $4 \mathrm{~m} 60 \mathrm{~cm}=$ $\qquad$ cm
8) $8 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{15cm}=$ $\qquad$ cm

Do the sums


5)

6)

7) Ravi purchased 1 m 35 cm shirt bit for him and and 1 m 65 cm shirt bit for his brother. Find the total length of the shirt bits.
8) An electrician had 63 m 39 cm of wire. He used 36 m 48 cm . How much length of wire was left with him?


## WEIGHING OBJECTS



SJILVWヨHIVW
Kilogram can be written as 'kg'

Weighing stones and weight of objects in kilogram


踢

## Various weighing machines

MATHEMATICS

|  | Weight of tomatoes $=\underline{2} \mathrm{~kg}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Weight of grapes $=\ldots \ldots \mathrm{kg}$ |
|  | My weight $\quad=\ldots \ldots \mathrm{kg}$ |
|  | Weight of sugar $=\ldots \ldots \mathrm{kg}$ |
|  | Weight of firewood =__kg |

Collect the pictures of different types of weighing machines and use it to prepare an album.

## Addition in kilogram

Raghu Kumar Anandhan Weight of

Raghu $=32 \mathrm{~kg}$
Kumar $=30 \mathrm{~kg}$
Anandhan $=+31 \mathrm{~kg}$ 93 kg

$$
32 \text { kg }
$$



30 kg

31 kg

Total weight of them is 93 kg

## Practice

1) Find the total weight of vegtables


15 kg
$10 \mathrm{~kg} \quad 7 \mathrm{~kg}$
 tomatoes $=15 \mathrm{~kg}$
potatoes $=10 \mathrm{~kg}$ onions $\quad=+7 \mathrm{~kg}$
Total weight of vegetables =
2) Find the total weight of cereals.
Wheat
3) Weight of rice 68 kg , sugar 55 kg and ragi 48 kg .

Find the total weight.

Subtraction in kilogram


Remaining weight of mangoes in the shop $=8 \mathrm{~kg}$

Initial weight of Ice bar is 28 kg . After 15 minutes weight of Ice bar is 16 kg .


Weighing stones and weight of objects in gram


## Addition in gram

Let us find the total weight of the plums


Total weight of plums $=1 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{400g}$

## Practice

1) Find the total weight of grapes.


Total weight of grapes = $\qquad$ g

| 2)250 g <br> 345 g | 3)247 g <br> 199 g <br> +657 g | 4)645 g <br> 561 g <br> +359 g | 5) 894 g <br> 467 g <br> +500 g |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

## Subtraction in gram

Let us calculate weight of mango.


| Weight of |
| :--- |
| yellow bag |
| red bag |$\quad$| 1650 g |  |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | $=-1350 \mathrm{~g}$ |

Weight of mango is 300 g

## Practice

1) 756 g
2) 539 g
3) 465 g
4) 647 g

- 435 g
- 49 g
- 309 g
$-35 \mathrm{~g}$

Addition in kilogram and gram
Find the total weight of the following things.

| Things | Weight |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | kg | g |
| Television | 20 | 500 |
| Chair | 5 | 350 |
| Bicycle | 30 | 100 |
| Total | 55 | 950 |

Steps

- Add the grams
- Add the kilograms

Total weight of things $=55 \mathrm{~kg} 950 \mathrm{~g}$

## Practice



Subtraction in kilogram and gram


2) Find the difference between the weight of oranges and jack fruit.

|  |  | Weight of oranges jack fruit | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{kg} \\ = & 45 \\ = & -18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{g} \\ 258 \\ 163 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 45kg 258g | 18kg 163g |  |  |  |

Difference in weight $=$ $\qquad$ kg $\qquad$ g
3) kg g
4) kg g
5) kg g
25456
37576
54342

- 14369
- 25455
- 37523


## Guessing weight

Shall we check our guessing, by weighing !



In a grocery shop the following items are purchased.

| Name of the customer | Red chilli |  | Coriander |  | Turmeric | Cumin | Pepper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | kg | g | kg | g | kg g | kg | kg g |
| Meena | 2 | 175 |  | 150 | 300 | 150 | 125 |
| Radha |  | 150 |  | 125 | 150 | 50 | 50 |
| Kumaresan | 2 | 000 |  | 200 | 200 | 250 | 300 |

Find the quantity of groceries bought by each customer.


Guess and verify the weights.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { S. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Vegetables | Guessing weight | Correct weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | - 3 |  |  |
| 2. | \ll |  |  |
| 3. | 000 |  |  |
| 4. | $\Leftrightarrow \hat{6}+6$ |  |  |
| 5. | 4dey wixy |  |  |

Fill in the blanks.

1) $8500 \mathrm{~g}=$ $\qquad$ kg + $\qquad$ g
2) $7250 \mathrm{~g}=$ $\qquad$ kg + $\qquad$ g
3) $6 \mathrm{~kg} 550 \mathrm{~g}=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{kg}+$ $\qquad$ g
4) $13 \mathrm{~kg} 650 \mathrm{~g}=$ $\qquad$ kg + $\qquad$ g

Do the sums.
1)

2)

3) kg g

4) kg g

| 75 | 859 |
| ---: | ---: |
| -39 | 676 |

5) 


6)

| kg | g |
| ---: | ---: |
| 82 | 235 |
| -17 | 198 |

7) One package of sweet is 5 kg 600 g and another package of sweet is 2 kg 350 g . Find the total weight.
8) The quantity of red chillies in two baskets are 25 kg 550 g and 10 kg 350 g respectively. Find the total weight of red chillies.
9) First bag contains 52 kg 600 g of wheat and second bag contains 35 kg 250 g of wheat. How much more weight of wheat contains in the first bag than second bag?
10) A sandalwood weighs 18 kg 250 g . A part of it weighing $12 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{100g}$ is cut off from it. What is the weight of the remaining piece?
